ACTA SCIENTIFIC DENTAL SCIENCES (ISSN: 2581-4893)

Volume 6 Issue 4 April 2022

Case Report

Autologous Biomaterials and Their Application in Post-Extraction Dental Implants in Areas of High Aesthetic Compromise. A Case Report.

Luis Armando, Fernández Chávez, Vicente Carrasco* and Gutiérrez de Lara

Director of the Institute of Dental Sciences, Specialty in Oral Implantology and Rehabilitation, Mexico

*Corresponding Author: Vicente Carrasco, Director of the Institute of Dental Sciences, Specialty in Oral Implantology and Rehabilitation, Mexico.

DOI: 10.31080/ASDS.2022.06.1327

Received: January 31, 2022 Published: March 04, 2022

© All rights are reserved by Vicente

Carrasco., et al.

Abstract

The placement of post-extraction implants in the aesthetic zone has been a topic of great interest in the field of oral implantology, and even more so when the patient's teeth can be a source of autogenous bone graft and furthermore, if it is combined with Platelet Rich Fibrin membranes, accelerates the healing process, decreases pain and inflammation.

Keywords: Autologous; Dental Implants; Aesthetic; Extraction

Introduction

Dental implants can be placed in the socket immediately after tooth extraction. This offers some advantages, such as reducing the bone loss that occurs naturally when a tooth is lost, minimizing the number of interventions, shortening treatment time and increasing patient comfort, in addition to the results previously reported in the literature showing a high survival rate [11,12].

The use of dental pieces as an autogenous graft also becomes an alternative to preserve the residual alveolar ridge, immediately after extraction. Since the 1960s, dentin has been evaluated as a biomaterial to induce bone formation. Very promising results have been reported, proposing the use of dental pieces as a reliable, stable bone substitute, free of pathogenic germs due to the procedure used during its elaboration [2,5].

Dental pieces share the same embryological origin as alveolar bone, in addition to their physical properties, such as density and roughness, which could explain their capacity for bone formation; Likewise, dentin and bone have the same organic and inorganic percentages, type I collagen (90%), biopolymers, lactate, lipid, citrate

and non-collagenous proteins. Type I collagen induces bone formation by stimulating the activity of osteogenic cells [1,3,4,6,7,9,10].

As a complement, the use of Platelet Rich Fibrin membranes, which consist of a network of fibrin, stem cells and second-generation platelet concentrates that regulate inflammation and angiogenesis, accelerates healing, regeneration of hard and soft tissues, in addition to potentially accelerating osseointegration through the release of growth factors [6,8,13].

Next, the following clinical case is presented using autogenous dentin and Platelet Rich Fibrin membranes, in a post-extraction dental implant placement situation.

Clinical Case

Female, 26 years old, referred from a private hospital in the city of Zacatecas, Mexico, the night before she suffered a vasovagal syncope, which caused facial trauma and dental fracture, the patient responded the initial questioning and did not have the record of drug or alcohol intake. The extraoral clinical examination revealed soft tissue injuries, and suture in the lower lip; Intraoral clinical

Figure 9: Radiographic control.

Figure 14: Final restorations.

Conclusions

It is of great benefit to use extracted teeth as autogenous grafting material, especially because of its efficient and simple processing. Autologous dentin graft acts as an excellent alternative as a bone substitute, in addition to being readily available, it also has the advantage of not causing reaction in the host tissue, which is an important safety aspect to consider when selecting a graft. Platelet aggregates provide an economical alternative to commercially available bioactive materials, with the advantage of being a simplified procedure, reducing postoperative pain and inflammation.

Thanks, and Contributions

MCD. Sandra Beatriz Nava Pintor.

Esp. José Roberto Quintero.

Esp. José Simón Salinas Montemayor.

Bibliography

- Aráujo MG., et al. "Socket healing with and without inmediate implant placement". Periodontology (2019): 168-177.
- Bassir SH., et al. "Outcome of early dental implant placement versus other dental implant placement protocols: A systematic review and meta-analysis". Journal Periodontology (2019): 493-506.
- C Andrade., et al. "Combiming autologous particulate dentin, LPRF, and fibrinogen to create a matrix for prredictable ridge preservation: a pilot clinical study". Clinical Oral Investigations (2020): 1151-1160.
- 4. Kizildag A., *et al.* "Evaluation of new bone formation usin autogenous tooth bone graft combined with platelet-rich fibrin in *c*". *Craniofacial Surgery* 306 (2019): 1662-1666.
- 5. Naji B., *et al.* "Immediate dental implant placement with a horizontal gap more than two millimetres: a randomized clinical trial". *International Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery* 50.5 (2021): 683-690.

- 6. Öncü E., *et al.* "Positive effect of platelet richc fibrin on osseo-integration". *Medicina Oral, Patologia* 21.5 (2016): e601-607.
- 7. Pang KM., *et al.* "Autogenous demineralized dentin matrix from extracted tooth for the augmentation of alveolar bone defect: a prospective randomized clinical trial in comparison with anorganic bovine bone". *Clinical Oral Implants Research* 28.7 (2017): 809-815.
- Pohl S., et al. "Maintenance of alveolar ridge dimensions utilizing an extracted tooth dentin particulate autograft and platelet rich fibrin: A retrospective radiographic cone beam computed tomography study". Study Materials 13.5 (2020): 1083.
- 9. Ramanauskaite A., et al. "Efficacy of autogenous teeth for the reconstruction of alveolar ridge". Clinical Oral Investigations 23.12 (2019): 4263-4287.
- 10. Um IW., et al. "Clinical application of autogenous demineralized dentin matrix loaded with recombinant human bone morphogenetic-2 for socket preservation: A case series". Clinical Implant Dentistry and Related Research 21.1 (2019): 4-10.
- 11. Ragucci GM., *et al.* "Immediate implant placement in molar extraction sockets: a systematic review and meta-analysis". *International Journal of Implant Dentistry* 6.1 (2020): 40.
- 12. Th Elaskary A., *et al.* "A Novel Method for Immediate Implant Placement in Defective Fresh Extraction Sites". *The International Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Implants* 35.4 (2020): 799-807.
- Chenchev IL., et al. "Application of Platelet-Rich Fibrin and Injectable Platelet-Rich Fibrin in Combination of Bone Substitute Material for Alveolar Ridge Augmentation - a Case Report". Folia Medica 59.3 (2017): 362-366.

Assets from publication with us

- Prompt Acknowledgement after receiving the article
- · Thorough Double blinded peer review
- Rapid Publication
- Issue of Publication Certificate
- High visibility of your Published work

Website: www.actascientific.com/

Submit Article: www.actascientific.com/submission.php

Email us: editor@actascientific.com Contact us: +91 9182824667